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1 2	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
3	UNI TED STATES OF AMERICA,
4	v. 19 CR 168(NSR)
5	PLEA
6	RICHARD M VALENTINE, JR.,
7	Def endant .
8	x
9	United States Courthouse
10	White Plains, New York April 19, 2019
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14	Before: THE HONORABLE LISA MARGARET SM TH, Magistrate Judge
15 16	
17	APPEARANCES
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19	GEOFFREY S. BERMAN United States Attorney for the
20	Southern District of New York ANDREW J. DeFILIPPIS
21	Assistant United States Attorney
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23	CHRISTOPHER XAVIER MAHER Attorney for Defendant
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25	*Proceedings recorded via digital recording device.

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THE DEPUTY CLERK: In the matter of the United States of America v. Richard Valentine. Counsel, please note your appearance for the record. MR. DeFILIPPIS: Good afternoon, your Honor. Andrew DeFilippis for the government. With me at counsel table is Special Agent Keeley McCarthy of the FBI and Alesandra Dinardo, an intern with the FBI. THE COURT: Good afternoon. MR. MAHER: Good afternoon, your Honor. Christopher Maher, M-A-H-E-R, 593 Route 6, Mahopac, New York, for defendant Richard Valentine, Jr., who is present to my right. THE COURT: Good afternoon. Do I understand correctly, Mr. Maher, that your client wishes to consent to the filing of an information? MR. MAHER: That's correct, Judge. THE COURT: And enter a plea to that information, I take it? Well, has he already been arraigned on the information? MR. MAHER: Yes, Judge. THE COURT: All right. Mr. Valentine, I want to advise you that this is not It is my understanding that you have decided to enter a plea of guilty in this case. This proceeding is for the purpose of ensuring that you are aware of your rights in

connection with that plea and that any waiver of those rights is knowing and voluntary prior to entering your plea of guilty, if you still decide to do that.

During this proceeding, I will also ask you some questions to make sure that you are competent to plead guilty, and, by that, I mean that I need to determine whether you are able to understand what is going on here today and that you are not under the influence of any physical or mental or emotional condition or affected by any controlled substance which may impact upon your ability to understand what is going on. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Valentine, if at any time you do not hear or understand what I say to you, I want you to interrupt me so that I can repeat and explain what I've said and so that you can have an opportunity to consult with Mr. Maher to make sure that you have heard and understood everything I've said and everything I've asked you. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, your Honor.

THE COURT: And will you do that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: You have an absolute right to be represented by counsel at this and at every stage of the proceedings against you, and you have the right to consult with your attorney prior to answering any questions. Do you

1 understand that? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: For that reason, you should consult with Mr. Maher before answering any further questions, including 4 5 questions that I'm going to ask you during this proceeding. Do 6 you understand that? 7 Yes, your Honor. THE DEFENDANT: 8 Mr. Maher, are you retained or appointed THE COURT: in the matter? 9 10 Retained, your Honor. MR. MAHER: 11 THE COURT: Mr. Valentine, if you were to become 12 unable to afford your attorney's services, you would be 13 entitled to apply to the Court for a new attorney to represent 14 you and if the Court was then satisfied that you could not 15 afford to hire a lawyer and that there was an appropriate 16 reason to relieve your current lawyer, a new lawyer would be 17 appointed to represent you with no cost to you. Do you understand that? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do. Thank you, your Honor. 19 20 THE COURT: Ms. Embola, would you place the defendant 21 under oath or affirmation, please. 22 (Defendant Richard M. Valentine, Jr. sworn) 23 THE COURT: It is important for you to understand

proceedings, you could be subject to prosecution for the crime

that if you knowingly make a false statement during these

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you could face a punishment of up to five years in prison and a
\$250,000 fine for committing such a crime. Such punishment
would be separate and apart from any sentence you may be facing
on the crime charged in the felony information. In addition,
any statement that you make during this proceeding may be used
against you for purposes of such a prosecution. Do you
understand that?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor.
THE COURT: What's your full name, sir?
THE DEFENDANT: Richard Michael Valentine, Jr.
THE COURT: How old are you?
THE DEFENDANT: I'm 24 years old.
THE COURT: Do you read, write, speak and understand
the English language?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, your Honor.
THE COURT: How far did you go in school?
THE DEFENDANT: About two years of college.
THE COURT: Have you been treated within the last
three months for any mental illness or for addiction to drugs
or to alcohol?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
THE COURT: What kind of treatment?
THE DEFENDANT: Psychiatric treatment.

1	with that treatment?
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, your Honor.
3	THE COURT: What kind of medication?
4	THE DEFENDANT: I take Abilify Maintena, 400
5	milligrams injection once a month.
6	THE COURT: Does the medication affect your ability
7	to think or to understand what's happening around you?
8	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, but not in this case.
9	THE COURT: Have you been able to understand what
10	I've said to you so far?
11	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Are you feeling sufficiently clear in
13	your mind to go forward with this proceeding?
14	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Do you understand that it's very
16	important that you understand everything I say and everything
17	I've asked you so that you can answer my questions fully and
18	clearly? Do you understand that?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Mr. Maher, have you had any difficulty
21	communicating with your client today?
22	MR. MAHER: No, Judge.
23	THE COURT: Have you, either today or at any other
24	time in your life, taken or used any drugs, marijuana, alcohol,
25	medication or any other substance which currently affects your

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ability to think or to understand these proceedings that are going on here today? THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Maher, have you discussed this matter fully with Mr. Valentine? MR. MAHER: I have, your Honor. THE COURT: Are you satisfied that he is fully capable of understanding and participating in this proceeding? MR. MAHER: Yes, I am, your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. DeFilippis, do you have any doubt that the defendant is competent to participate in this proceeding? MR. DeFILIPPIS: No, your Honor. THE COURT: I'm satisfied, on the basis of these representations and my observations of the defendant, that Richard M. Valentine, Jr. is fully competent to understand and participate in this proceeding. I have before me a copy of a plea agreement dated March 25th, 2019. Mr. Maher, is it your client's wish to proceed with a plea allocution before me? MR. MAHER: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Valentine, this proceeding is referred to as a plea allocution. I want you to understand that you have the absolute right to have this plea allocution

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conducted before a United States District Judge. It is the District Judge -- in this case, Judge Román -- who will impose sentence in your case. If you consent and if you agree, then I will conduct the plea allocution and I will then make a report to Judge Román in which I will recommend whether or not he should accept your plea of quilty. I will make that recommendation based on the information that is brought out during today's proceedings. It is important for you to understand that the Court will not accept your plea unless the Court is satisfied that you fully understand all of your rights and that you are, in fact, quilty. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have this plea allocution conducted before a United States District Judge? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Do you agree and is it your wish that I should conduct the plea allocution? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Ms. Embola, would you have the defendant identify his signature on the consent form, please. THE DEPUTY CLERK: Mr. Valentine, I am showing you

this consent form. Is this your signature affixed to the

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it is. 1 2 THE DEPUTY CLERK: Have you read this document and 3 discussed it with your attorney? 4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have. 5 THE COURT: Did anyone threaten you or coerce you or 6 promise you anything in order to get you to sign this consent 7 form? THE DEFENDANT: No; they did not, your Honor. 8 9 THE COURT: Did you sign the form freely and 10 voluntarily? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Mr. Maher, do you know of any reason why 13 the Consent to Proceed with a Felony Plea Allocution Before a 14 United States Magistrate Judge should not be accepted? 15 MR. MAHER: None whatsoever, your Honor. THE COURT: I find that Richard Valentine is fully 16 17 competent and capable of waiving his right to appear before a 18 United States District Judge in order to enter his plea of 19 quilty. I, therefore, accept the consent form, which I have 20 signed and which will remain a part of the Court's record as 21 Court Exhibit 1 for today's date. 22 Mr. Valentine, do you understand that your right to 23 be represented by an attorney continues through every stage of 24 the proceedings, including trial and appeal, and that you have

this right whether or not you choose to plead guilty to this

1 offense? Do you understand that? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Have you had sufficient opportunity to consult with your attorney and especially to consult about your 4 5 decision to plead guilty? 6 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have, your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Are you satisfied with the services which 8 Mr. Maher has provided to you? 9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am, very much, your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Have you told him everything you know 11 about the case? 12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: I have before me a plea agreement dated 14 March 25th, 2019. The original plea agreement is to be marked 15 as Government Exhibit 1 and will remain in the custody of 16 government's counsel. 17 Ms. Embola, would you have the defendant identify his 18 signature on the last page of the plea agreement, please. 19 Judge, I'll offer up my copy of the plea MR. MAHER: 20 agreement and represent to the Court that my client -- and I'm 21 pointing to his signature on the final page of the plea 22 agreement. He entered that in my presence, your Honor, after 23 review of the document. And, for the record, it's been 24 reviewed by my client and I prior to today. 25 THE COURT: All right.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Mr. Valentine, I show you this
plea agreement. Is this your signature affixed to the plea
agreement?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it is.
THE DEPUTY CLERK: Have you read this document and
discussed it with your attorney?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have.
THE COURT: Mr. Valentine, are you satisfied that you
understand the entire plea agreement which Mr. Maher has
reviewed with you?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
THE COURT: Do you have any questions either for
Mr. Maher or for me about what this plea agreement says?
THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.
THE COURT: Does the plea agreement contain the
complete understanding between you and the government in
connection with this case?
THE DEFENDANT: Sorry?
MR. MAHER: Judge, if I could just
THE COURT: Sure. Take your time.
(Counsel conferred with the defendant)
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, yes, your Honor, I understand.
THE COURT: Do you understand that anything which is
not set forth in the written plea agreement or which is not
told to me at this time, on the record, will not be binding on

1 the outcome of your case? Do you understand that? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Mr. DeFilippis, is there anything beyond the written plea agreement that the Court should be aware of? 4 5 MR. DeFILIPPIS: No, your Honor. 6 THE COURT: Mr. Maher, is there any other agreement 7 or understanding that the Court should know about? 8 MR. MAHER: Not with respects to the plea, Judge. 9 THE COURT: Mr. Valentine, did you sign the plea 10 agreement freely and voluntarily? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Did anyone force you or coerce you or 13 threaten you or promise you anything, other than what is set 14 forth in the written plea agreement, in order to get you to 15 sign the plea agreement? THE DEFENDANT: No; they did not, your Honor. 16 17 THE COURT: Mr. Valentine, if you were convicted of 18 the charge set forth in this felony information, either after 19 trial or by plea of guilty, you would be subject to a maximum 20 term of imprisonment of five years, a maximum term of 21 supervised release of up to three years, a maximum fine of 22 \$250,000, and a \$100 mandatory special assessment. 23 If you're sentenced to a term of imprisonment, even 24 if you are sentenced to the maximum term of imprisonment, and 25 if you are also sentenced to a term of supervised release, if

you then violate the conditions of supervised release, you could be sentenced to an additional term of imprisonment of up to two years for violating the conditions of your supervised release. In addition, if you violate the conditions of supervised release, you would not receive credit for any time already served in prison or for time served on supervised release.

You are also subject to the possibility of an order of forfeiture or restitution, and the Court is authorized to order either forfeiture or restitution or both as a part of your sentence.

Do you understand that?

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MR. MAHER: Judge, if I could have a second.

THE COURT: Take your time.

(Counsel conferred with the defendant)

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor; I understand this.

THE COURT: Mr. DeFilippis, is there any maximum amount of the possible forfeiture and/or restitution in this matter?

MR. DeFILIPPIS: Your Honor, we don't anticipate seeking forfeiture or restitution in this matter.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Valentine, do you understand that these are the possible sentences that could be imposed following your plea of guilty in this matter?

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor, I understand.

I am required by law to advise you that THE COURT: if you are not a United States citizen, a finding that you are quilty of a felony offense may have a negative impact on your immigration status and upon any application you may have made in the past or which you may make in the future for permission to remain in the United States or to become a United States You may also be subject to an order of deportation as a result of this guilty plea if you are not a United States citizen and, under certain circumstances, deportation may be mandatory. Additionally, if you are deported, you may be prohibited from re-entering the United States permanently unless you are able to get permission to re-enter from the Attorney General of the United States or from the Secretary of Homeland Security. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that you are pleading guilty to a felony offense and that such an adjudication may deprive you of certain valuable civil rights, which may include the right to vote; the right to hold public office; the right to serve on a jury; the right to possess any type of firearm, including rifles and shotguns; the right to be considered for certain types of employment or to be bonded or to serve in the United States Military; and the right to possess or obtain certain government-issued licenses, including

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licenses that may be required in certain professions and occupations? Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Do you understand that these are the possible legal consequences of entering a guilty plea in this case? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor. THE COURT: Do you understand that the United States Sentencing Commission has issued guidelines for judges to follow in determining the appropriate sentence in a criminal Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Do you also understand that these quidelines are not mandatory, but they must be considered by the Court along with other factors which are listed at Title 18, United States Code, Section 3553, and all of these things must be considered when the Judge determines the appropriate sentence to impose, including possible departures from the quidelines, both upward departures and downward departures? Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor. THE COURT: Have you and Mr. Maher talked about how the sentencing quidelines would be calculated in your case? (Counsel conferred with the defendant) THE DEFENDANT: Yes, we have, your Honor.

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THE COURT: The plea agreement in this case sets forth a stipulated sentencing range of 10 to 16 months and a stipulated fine range of \$5,500 to \$55,000. Do you understand that these ranges represent an understanding between you and your attorney and the attorney for the government and that this is not binding on the District Judge when he imposes sentence? Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you understand that the District Judge will consider the guidelines, but, in this case, he will impose a sentence in accordance with the statute, which means that the prison term will be not more than five years? Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you understand that the Court will not be able to determine the appropriate sentence in your case until after a presentence report has been prepared and until you and your attorney as well as the government have had an opportunity to challenge the facts that are reported in the presentence report as well as the calculation of the sentencing guideline range and any sentencing recommendation in that report? Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that if there are any objections to the presentence report, that those objections

THE DEFENDANT:

will be ruled on by the Court and, if necessary, a hearing will be held to determine what information is relevant to the Court's determination of the sentence? Do you understand that?

Yes, I understand, your Honor.

agreement not to file an appeal or any collateral challenge to any sentence that is within or below the stipulated guidelines range of 10 to 16 months in prison and that the government will not appeal any sentence that is within or above the stipulated guidelines range. You have further agreed not to appeal any term of supervised release that is less than or equal to the statutory maximum of three years. You have agreed not to appeal any fine that is less than or equal to \$55,000, and the government has agreed not to appeal any fine that is greater than or equal to \$5,500. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you understand that one effect of the plea agreement that you have entered into is that you are giving up other rights that you might have had to appeal or otherwise attack the sentence imposed by the Court except that you retain certain rights to assert a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel, although you would waive certain rights, such as any claim of ineffective assistance of counsel relating to counsel's effectiveness during the sentencing proceeding?

Do you understand that?

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Do you also understand that if you disagree with the Court's sentencing decision, that will not give you a basis for withdrawing your plea of guilty? Do you understand that? Yes, your Honor. THE DEFENDANT: THE COURT: Do you understand that parole has been abolished and if you are sentenced to a prison term, you will not be eliqible for early release on parole? Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Even though you would not be eligible for parole, you may, if you are sentenced to a term of imprisonment, be eligible to earn credit for good behavior, but even if you were to succeed in earning credit for good behavior, you would be required to serve at least 85 percent of any prison term before you may be eliqible for release. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Valentine, that you do not have to plead quilty and you have an absolute right to plead not guilty and to have the matter go to trial by judge or by jury? Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor.

THE COURT:

Do you understand that if you choose to

plead not guilty, you are entitled to have a speedy and public trial of your case? Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you understand that, at any trial of this matter, you would be entitled to the presumption of innocence and that the presumption would remain with you until the government proves each and every element of the crime charged against you beyond a reasonable doubt to the satisfaction of the judge if it is a judge trial or to the unanimous satisfaction of the jury if it is a jury trial? Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: At such a trial, you would have the right, with the assistance of your attorney, to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against you. You would have the right to call witnesses to testify for you and to have subpoenas issued to compel witnesses to give testimony and to produce evidence. You would also have the right to testify at your own trial, but you could not be forced to testify. If you decided not to testify, your decision to remain silent could not be held against you in any way. At your trial, you would also have the right I have spoken of to the assistance of an attorney and to have an attorney appointed to represent you without fee if you could not afford counsel. Additionally, if you were convicted of any charge at a trial, you would have the

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right to appeal from the verdict without limitation. Do you understand that if you plead quilty to the charge set forth in Count One of the pending felony information, that you would --I'm sorry, Judge. I'm going to wait MR. MAHER: until the Court finishes. I apologize, your Honor. THE COURT: That's all right. I apologize. mistake. MR. MAHER: Thank you. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Valentine, that if you plead guilty to the charge in Count Two of this felony information, as identified in the plea agreement, that you would give up your right to a trial and, except for the right to counsel, which you retain, you would give up all the other rights which I have explained to you here? Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Valentine, have you clearly heard and understood everything I've said to you? THE DEFENDANT: I have, your Honor. THE COURT: Have you understood each of the rights that I have asked you about? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Do you have any questions either for me

or for Mr. Maher about anything I've said or about anything

1 I've asked you? 2 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: You may be seated. Mr. DeFilippis, what are the elements of the offense 4 5 to which the defendant is offering a quilty plea and what would 6 the government be prepared to prove at trial in order to 7 establish those elements? 8 MR. DeFILIPPIS: Your Honor, if I may, just one more 9 provision of the plea agreement I wanted to highlight, because 10 it's a less common provision of our agreements. 11 On page 2, the second paragraph from the bottom, the 12 government has agreed that, unless new information material to 13 the government's position comes to the attention of the 14 government prior to sentencing, the government will take the 15 position at sentencing that a sentence of supervised release that does not include a further term of incarceration is 16 17 appropriate in this case. 18 I just wanted to highlight that because it's not, as 19 I said, a common --20 THE COURT: Can I just ask a question? 21 MR. DeFILIPPIS: Yes. 22 THE COURT: Do I take it that Mr. Valentine has spent 23 some time? 24 MR. DeFILIPPIS: It was just the day he was arrested, 25 your Honor. He didn't even spend overnight. But it's worded

1	that way just technically because he was arrested and held
2	until his release.
3	THE COURT: So the government would be seeking
4	supervised release as opposed to probation?
5	MR. DeFILIPPIS: Correct. And we spoke with the
6	Probation Department about which was the appropriate
7	terminology to use, and they suggested supervised release.
8	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
9	Let me just inquire.
10	Mr. Valentine, do you understand the provision that
11	Mr. DeFilippis has just mentioned?
12	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor, I understand.
13	THE COURT: And have you discussed that with
14	Mr. Maher?
15	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have, your Honor.
15 16	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have, your Honor. THE COURT: Do you have any questions about that
16	THE COURT: Do you have any questions about that
16 17	THE COURT: Do you have any questions about that provision?
16 17 18	THE COURT: Do you have any questions about that provision? THE DEFENDANT: No; I do not.
16 17 18 19	THE COURT: Do you have any questions about that provision? THE DEFENDANT: No; I do not. THE COURT: Is it clear to you that it is entirely up
16 17 18 19 20	THE COURT: Do you have any questions about that provision? THE DEFENDANT: No; I do not. THE COURT: Is it clear to you that it is entirely up to the Judge to determine what the appropriate sentence will be
16 17 18 19 20 21	THE COURT: Do you have any questions about that provision? THE DEFENDANT: No; I do not. THE COURT: Is it clear to you that it is entirely up to the Judge to determine what the appropriate sentence will be in this case?
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	THE COURT: Do you have any questions about that provision? THE DEFENDANT: No; I do not. THE COURT: Is it clear to you that it is entirely up to the Judge to determine what the appropriate sentence will be in this case? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	THE COURT: Do you have any questions about that provision? THE DEFENDANT: No; I do not. THE COURT: Is it clear to you that it is entirely up to the Judge to determine what the appropriate sentence will be in this case? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: All right. You may be seated.

1 The elements of a violation of Section 924(a)(1)(A) 2 are: 3 First, that the defendant made a false statement; Second, that that statement was made to a licensed 4 5 dealer of firearms under the federal laws; 6 Third, that the defendant knew the statement was 7 false; and, 8 Third, that the misstatement was made with respect to information that is required to be kept by a licensed dealer of 9 10 firearms under Chapter 44 of Title 18 of the United States 11 Code. 12 Your Honor, in terms of the government's proof at any 13 trial in this matter, the government would be prepared to prove 14 each of those elements through a combination of different types 15 of evidence, including the testimony of witnesses to include 16 the licensed firearms dealer to whom the representations were 17 made in this case; documents, including the ATF Form 4473 that 18 was filled out by the defendant; as well as photographic 19 evidence and grand jury subpoena returns relating to the 20 defendant's transaction. 21 THE COURT: When is this alleged to have taken place? 22 MR. DeFILIPPIS: In June of 2018 in a firearms store 23 in Dutchess County, New York. 24 THE COURT: What was the false statement? 25 MR. DeFILIPPIS: Your Honor, the defendant asserted

on the ATF Form 4473 that he had never been committed to a
mental institution or deemed mentally incompetent prior to his
attempted purchase of the firearm.
THE COURT: Thank you.
Mr. Valentine, stand up.
Did you hear what the Assistant United States
Attorney just said?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
THE COURT: Did you understand the elements of the
offense to which you are offering a guilty plea?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, your Honor.
THE COURT: At this time, how do you wish to plead to
the charge of making a false statement in a firearm filing, as
charged in Count Two of the pending felony information? How do
you wish to plead?
THE DEFENDANT: Guilty, your Honor.
THE COURT: Has anyone threatened you or coerced you
or pressured you improperly in order to get you to plead guilty
to this charge?
THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.
THE COURT: Has anyone made any promises to you,
other than what is set forth in the plea agreement, in order to
induce you to plead guilty?
THE DEFENDANT: No; they have not, your Honor.
THE COURT: Has anyone made any specific promise to

1 you about what the sentence of the Court will be? 2 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Mr. Valentine, tell me what you did to commit this crime. 4 THE DEFENDANT: On June 2nd, 2018, I walked into a 5 6 gun shop intending to purchase a shotgun. I was not impaired 7 by either alcohol, drugs, medication or otherwise. I was given a form to be filled out, and I understood that you were 8 required to put factually true and accurate information in the 9 10 form. As an answer to the question regarding hospitalization 11 for psychiatric issues, I knowingly answered no, which answer I 12 knew to be untrue. 13 THE COURT: Were you required to sign that form under 14 penalty of perjury? 15 Did you have to sign it at the bottom of the form? 16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, yes, your Honor. 17 THE COURT: And, by signing it, were you attesting that the information on the form was true? 18 19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 20 THE COURT: So when you signed that form, you knew 21 that, in fact, some of the information, at least one item of 22 information on the form, was not true? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 24 THE COURT: And did you say this took place in 25 Dutchess County?

1	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Did you commit these acts knowingly and
3	willfully?
4	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Did you know it was against the law to do
6	what you were doing?
7	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
8	THE COURT: Mr. Maher, do you concede that the
9	government would be able to establish that the facility where
10	this occurred was run by a licensed firearm dealer?
11	MR. MAHER: I do, Judge.
12	THE COURT: Do you also concede that the information
13	in question was required to be kept for ATF purposes?
14	MR. MAHER: Yes, Judge.
15	THE COURT: Is there anything else which either
16	counsel believes the Court needs to elicit from the defendant
17	before making the recommendation contemplated by Rule 11?
18	Mr. DeFilippis?
19	MR. DeFILIPPIS: Not from the government, your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Mr. Maher?
21	MR. MAHER: Not from the defense, your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Mr. Maher, do you know of any reason why
23	the Court should not recommend acceptance of your client's plea
24	of guilty in this matter?
25	MR. MAHER: None whatsoever.

THE COURT: Mr. DeFilippis, do you know of any reason why the Court should not recommend acceptance of the plea?

MR. DeFILIPPIS: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Valentine, in light of everything that has been said here today, including a statement of the charges against you, the possible penalties you face, and the rights you are giving up, is it still your wish to plead guilty to the charge set forth in Count Two of the pending felony information?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Upon this allocution, I find that the defendant, Richard M. Valentine, Jr., is fully competent and capable of entering an informed plea, the plea is knowing and voluntary and is supported by an independent factual basis for each and every element of the crime charged. Accordingly, I respectfully report and recommend to Judge Román that the plea should be accepted and that the defendant should be adjudged guilty of the offense charged in Count Two of the information.

I direct that a presentence investigation be conducted by the United States Department of Probation.

Mr. Valentine, after this proceeding, you and Mr. Maher need to go to the Department of Probation, which is on the ground floor of this building. Either today or on some other day that will be scheduled, you will be interviewed by a representative of the Department of Probation. I'm sure that

Mr. Maher will assist you in connection with that interview, and you are absolutely entitled to have him present during the interview if you wish. You must be fully honest and truthful during that interview because if it comes to the Court's attention that you have provided false, incomplete or misleading information, that may be held against you at the time of sentencing. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Maher, just a reminder that the interview with Probation is to be scheduled to occur within the

next 14 days.

Mr. DeFilippis, the prosecution case summary for purposes of the presentence report is to be delivered to

MR. DeFILIPPIS: Yes, your Honor.

Probation no later than 14 days from today.

THE COURT: I further direct the Clerk of the Court to provide a transcript of these proceedings within 30 days setting forth my report and recommendation to Judge Román. The transcript is to come to me for review.

Bail is continued.

The matter is adjourned for sentencing July 26, 2019 at 11 a.m. Counsel should contact Judge Román's chambers in advance of that date to confirm the date and time of sentencing.

Anything further, Mr. DeFilippis?

MR. DeFILIPPIS: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Maher?

MR. MAHER: Judge, I have an application with respect to the terms and conditions of my client's release. He has been on electronic monitoring since he was initially apprehended last July 5th, Judge, and he has, in essence, been confined to his home on electronic monitoring 24/7, if you will, but for certain specified situations where he's allowed to go to a doctor or my office or some other court appearance. I have spoken to the government, Judge, and the government does not oppose -- and I do not want to speak for Mr. DeFilippis in that sense, but they don't oppose this application that I make.

My client has literally, since that time, been confined to his home, which is a tiny little home in a tiny village of Cold Spring, and he really -- it seems to me that, since there have been no problems with the electronic monitoring that have been confirmed to me a number of times in my discussions with Leo Barrios from Pretrial downstairs, that I am making an application at this time to have the electronic monitoring device removed from my client. He's been completely compliant in all regards, Judge. He is here. And for the record, his parents are here. They've been here each and every time. He lives with his parents. His father is retired career military. And they, in essence, in a very wonderful way, Judge, have been able to devote themselves in part -- in no

small part, because my client's father is retired, to assisting my client in getting from the point where he was in those dark days back in July of 2018 to where he is today. He's in college. He's been accepted to St. Mary's College in Newburgh on a scholarship. And he's employed, Judge. But I submit that, especially because the government does not appear to oppose it, and I believe that my client respectfully, even though he's entered a plea of guilty here, that he is really entitled at this point to more freedom than he's been able to have.

THE COURT: Have you discussed your application with Mr. Barrios?

MR. MAHER: Judge, I discussed it with Mr. Barrios, in essence, each time I've spoken to him. I've not discussed with Mr. Barrios that I was going to make the application today.

THE COURT: Mr. DeFilippis.

MR. DeFILIPPIS: Your Honor, we do defer to Pretrial Service on these matters, but I did have a brief conversation with Mr. Barrios a couple weeks ago, who sounded like he was amenable to this change. The government has noted that the defendant has been compliant with the terms of his release and, assuming Pretrial Services is okay with it, we have no objection.

THE COURT: Why don't we just defer the issue just

very briefly. Let me make a phone call to Pretrial Services. It will just take a few minutes.

MR. MAHER: Judge, I apologize. It's my understanding that Mr. Barrios is not in today maybe by virtue of the fact that it's a Friday. So I'm just alerting the Court.

THE COURT: All right. Hold for a few minutes.

MR. MAHER: Thank you, Judge.

THE COURT: Thank you.

(Recess)

officer who conferred -- it is correct that Mr. Barrios is not available today, but the Pretrial Services officer I spoke to consulted with Cynthia Labrovic, who is the supervising Pretrial Services officer, and what they would consent to is to remove the electronic monitoring and require Pretrial Services supervision as directed by the Pretrial Services officer. That gives the Pretrial Services officer the flexibility to, for example, impose a curfew if it seems appropriate. And, of course, if there were conditions that you felt were not appropriate, you could always come back to me to assess that.

But I think it's reasonable to modify the current bail conditions so that the requirement for electronic monitoring is removed, but Pretrial Services supervision, as directed by the officer, would be imposed.

And you need to remember, Mr. Valentine, that you
must follow the instructions of the Pretrial Services officer.
If you fail to follow the instructions, that will be a
violation of your bail conditions, that will be reported to me,
and I will not hesitate to revoke your bail until the time of
sentencing. Do you understand that?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, your Honor. Thank
you.
THE COURT: If you think the Pretrial Services
officer is asking you to do something that's unnecessary or
inappropriate, you should contact Mr. Maher. Mr. Maher will
contact me, and I will decide whether you should follow the
instructions. Is that clear to you?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it's clear, your Honor.
THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. DeFilippis?
MR. DeFILIPPIS: Not from the government, your Honor.
THE COURT: Mr. Maher?
MR. MAHER: Judge, when would my client be able to
speak with
THE COURT: I think he could go to Pretrial Services
now.
MR. MAHER: Thank you, Judge.
THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much.
MR. MAHER: Thank you, your Honor.
MR. DeFILIPPIS: Thank you, your Honor.